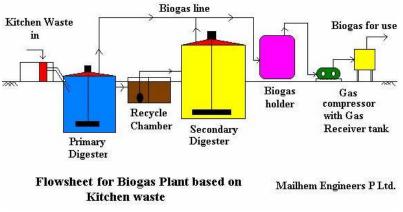
Mailhem's Magarpatta, Pune plant site visit

Mailhem group is the supplier of technology and turnkey contractors for Waste to Energy Projects. The basic concept of their technology is based on a process known as Upward Anaerobic Sludge Blanket (UASB) developed by Dr. Lettingah in the Netherlands. Mailhem Engineers Pvt Ltd has specifically modified it for the waste containing high percentage of suspended solids.



Above Picture taken at the Magarpatta site in Pune, India. Treat 2 ton waste per day capacity, plant is designed for the Magarpatta site. Magarpatta complex is also known as satellite city which has multiplex, IT companies, residential complex, commercial buildings and food courts. Plant was under construction when visited in January 2006. No physical data taken on site. Data presented in the paper is obtained from Mailhem Engineers.



Brief process description

The segregated wet waste (mainly food waste) is brought to the plant site in bins and containers. It is loaded on a sorting table and residual plastic, metal; glass and other non-biodegradable items are further segregated. The waste is loaded into a Waste crusher

Source: Mailhem Engineers Private Limited

along with the water, which is mounted under the sorting table itself. The food waste slurry is directly charged into the modified UASB primary digester.

This digester serves mainly as hydrolysis cum acidification tank for the treatment of suspended solids. It contains internal proprietary modules, baffles and launders made in fibre reinforced plastic (FRP) reinforced with Mild Steel. It is provided with a stirrer drive assembly with blades for scum breaking. It is provided with an airtight top cover. The overflow of primary digester is collected into pump cum recycle chamber and pumped into secondary digester.

Secondary digester serves as a methane fermentation tank and BOD reduction takes place here. Both states are of proprietary modified UASB construction. The secondary digester too is equipped with proprietary internals, stirrer assembly and top cover. The treated overflow from this digester is connected to the drains. The sludge, which accumulates at the bottom of the digester, is removed once in a year.

The biogas is collected in a neoprene rubber balloon and kept in a suitable enclosure. The biogas compression system comprises of biogas blower with automation, gas receiver tank, pressure switch, pressure gauge. 1" HDPE piping with moisture traps provided up to a distance of 500 m from the biogas plant. With help of modified biogas burners, cooking and heating can be done.

The biogas plant is capable of taking: mixed wastes and treating them for optimum results, Segregated Kitchen waste from residential societies, segregated wet garbage from hotels and canteens, Sewage sludge from STP

Normally Mailhem Engineers manages plant by deputing one full time supervisor/labor at the plant if asked for annual maintenance contract (AMC) – Salary is INR 4000/-.

Technology	Anaerobic Digestion.			
	• Technology is used for Biogas generation from			
	biodegradable organic waste.			
	• Mesopheric System which is energy efficient.			
Culture used	• A special type of culture is added at the time of			
	Plant installation, which is rich in anaerobic			
	microorganisms and has the properties of self			
	regenerating.			
Water input ratio	• 1:1			
Shredder / Mixer	• Input is biodegradable organic waste with water.			
	• Used for chopping the waste and making it into			
	fine slurry.			
	• It has a capacity of chopping 1 tone waste/hr			
Recycle chamber	• Single phase motor is used which is linked with			
	the stirrer/agitator.			
Primary Digester	• Made of 3mm milled steel. Inside coated with			
	Fiber glass.			
	• Water pipes are joined from the Inlet cum			
	recycle chamber through which the slurry is fed			
	in this digester.			

Technology and Operational Information:

	• Agitator is used for stirring up the slurry inside			
	• Agriator is used for surring up the slurry inside the primary digester.			
Secondary Disector				
Secondary Digester	Body is made up of 3mm milled steel			
	Sealed tops ensure no foul.			
Gas balloon (Gas Holder)	• Made up of Neoprene rubber			
	• Balloon is UV protected.			
	• Gas collection varies from season to season			
	• Balloon is protected in a shed which is non			
	smoking or non fire zone for safety reasons.			
	• Gas is stored at NTP conditions			
	• The composition of biogas produced with this			
	setup is as follows:			
	Methane (CH ₄) 55% - 60%			
	Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 38%			
	Hydrogen sulphide (H ₂ S)1-2%.			
Blower (Compressor)	• Pressurize the gas from the gas holder to the			
	receiver tank.			
Moisture Traps	• Moisture traps are present at the plant and next			
	to the canteen building to trap moisture from the			
	gas and it has to be cleaned once in a week.			
Retention time	• 28 days i.e.			
	• Primary digester takes 21 days and Secondary			
	digester takes 7 days.			
Manure	• Sludge is removed once a year			
	Sludge is used in gardens as manure.			
Input-Output ratio	• For Input of 500 kg waste			
	• Output of Gas is 40 cubic mt. per day			
	• The gas generation is slightly lower in winter in			
	the range of 30-35 cu.mt. Where as gas			
	generation in summer is around 45 cu. mt.			
hazard	• Since Biogas contains moisture, one can easily			
	detect the leakages by its smell.(The smell is due			
	to H2S)			
	• For supplying gas, PVC pipes are used which are			
	non – corrosive.			

Installation cost and savings:

Savings calculated by Melhem Engineers in terms of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) Savings and Cost of plant calculated in terms of Indian Rupee 1 GBP=78 INR approximately

Food Waste Treatment	nt Biogas Plants
----------------------	------------------

Wast	Biogas in	Man-	Are	Savings	yearly	
1.2	cubic meter/da	ure	a in Sa		U U	Installa- tion cost
III Kg	meter/ua		Sq	01		tion cost

			1			
/ day	У		m	equiva-		In Indian
				lent		Rupees-
				Liquefied		less civil
				Petrole-		works
				um Gas	1kg LPG=21	
				(LPG) in	LPG=21 INR	
				Kg		
Resider	ntial colonie	s / hotels /	institu	tions / indust	ries	
100	7 – 9	3.4 tpa	5 x	4.5	34492.	130000-15
		_	5		5	0000
200	13 – 15	4.2 tpa	6 x	7.2	55188	180000-23
		-	6			0000
300	19 – 23	10 tpa	6 x	11.3	86614.	260000-32
		1	9		5	0000
500	38 - 40	14 tpa	6 x	21	160965	430000-48
		1	10			0000
800	55 - 65	22 tpa	6 x	29	222285	500000-60
		1	12			0000
Industr	Industrial Canteens / Segregated house hold (kitchen) and Hotel Waste					
1000	80 - 90	0.1 tpd	10 x	43	329595	60000-70
		-	10			0000
2000	160 -	0.2 tpd	15 x	78	597870	1,100,000-
2000	180	0.2 ipu	15 X	70	571010	1,200,000
3000	240 -	0.3 tpd	20 x	120	919800	1,800,000-
	270		20			2,000,000

- Approximate price (validity till December 2005)
- Civil works price has been considered for normal soil conditions. It will vary depending on site conditions and constraints
- Price are excluding taxes and duties wherever applicable

Merits of the Mailhem's Plant:

- The Plant is compact hence less area is required.
- Biogas produced can be utilized easily.
- Better Aesthetical look
- Produce less sludge comparing to other plants, sludge removed once in a year.
- Produce no odor.

Demerit:

- Retention time which is more. i.e 28 days.
- Mailhem Technology has proprietary Upward Anaerobic Sludge Blanket (UASB) modified construction which may restrict its transferability.

Comments: Visited plant was under construction. However setup looks compact and good. Overall we can expect its optimum performance by previous project done by

Mailhem for its reputed clients, across the country. Operation looks less manual when comparing with Nisargruna. However gas produced in Nisargruna is much higher than what produce with Mailhem's technology. Nisargruna plant in Mumbai seems to be more sustainable when thinking about its social aspects e.g. generating employment for poor rag pickers.